

Institute of Cyber-physical Systems			Semester 3. of the curriculum 2026-27-1			
Name of the subject:	Code of the subject:	Credits:	Weekly hours:			
				lec	sem	lab
Database- and Big Data technologies*	NKXAB1EMLF	5	part-time	10	0	10
Responsible person for the subject: Rita FLEINER PhD			Classification: associate professor			
Subject lecturer(s): Erick Alexander Noboa Castro						
Prerequisites:	-					
Way of the assessment:	Midterm grade					
Course description						
Goal:	The aim of the lesson is to familiarize students with advanced database management concepts and procedures, and to develop skills for query writing and Big Data analysis.					
Course description:	Relational data models, relational algebra, SQL deep dive. Logical and physical data models, relations. RDBMS design, dependencies, constraints, normal forms, normalization. Triggers and constraints in SQL. Database fundamentals, instance definition, memory structures in db. Transactions. Index types, hashes. SQL tuning. NonSQL database management system i.e. Cassandra, MongoDB. Big data analysis with Apache Spark.					

Lecture schedule	
Education week	Topic
1.	Introduction to RDBMS. Relational database systems components analysis. Normalization forms (I, II, III) Basic SQL exercises as knowledge assessment.
2.	Database architecture, indexes, CBO statistics and histograms. Advanced SQL queries using joins, computational costs analysis.
3.	Advanced SQL exercises, merging tables, join types and subqueries, access paths and join algorithms analysis.
4.	Query execution plan interpretation, database tuning introduction and practice with study case, access paths analysis and selection, use of hints as cost reduction and optimization methods.
5.	1st Mid-Term Test
6.	
7.	NoSQL databases: concepts, types. Key-value stores. Data architecture comparison with Oracle RDBMS, System selection criteria based on the CAP theorem.
8.	NoSQL databases. Cassandra: Introduction to the system -- installation, architecture analysis, testing queries.
9.	NoSQL databases. MongoDB: Introduction to the system -- installation, architecture analysis, comparison versus other systems. Basic queries and introduction to pipeline.
10.	NoSQL databases practice case using MongoDB and Cassandra based on provided datasets.
11.	Holiday (Rector's Break)
12.	Basics of Big data. Apache Spark installation and setup. Spark in practice.
13.	Big Data - Practice based on case study using multiple datasets, how to store data in different formats, migrating data.
14.	2nd Mid-Term Test.
Mid-term requirements	
Conditions for obtaining a mid-term grade/signature	There will be two tests during the course: 1. The first test is on the 5th week. Topic: Relational databases. Theory and practice (25 points)

	2. The second test is on the 13th week. Topic: Non-SQL DB (25 points) Weekly summary/homework of each lecture (25 points) * Student must solve a homework project in the topics of Cassandra, MongoDB and Spark (25 points) Prerequisite for obtaining a mid-year grade: students must pass both tests and all homework with at least 51% each. <i>A student who has missed more than 30% of the classes will not receive a mid-year grade.</i> <i>(*) Student's participation during lectures is considered as part of the Homework.</i>												
Assessment schedule													
Education week	Topic												
5.	RDMBS, Database architecture (concepts and queries)												
13.	Tuning, Advanced SQL (concepts and queries)												
Method used to calculate the <i>mid-term grade</i> (to be filled out only for subjects with mid-term grades)													
Type of the replacement													
Type of the replacement of written test/mid-term grade/signature	If the midterm exam result is less than 51%, the student may take a make-up exam in week 14. Midterm grade make-up: once, during the first 10 working days of the exam period.												
Type of the exam (to be filled out only for subjects with exams)													
-													
Calculation of the exam mark (to be filled only for subjects with exams)													
-													
Final grade calculation methods:													
The final grade is formed from the HomeWorks, project points and the tests points.													
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Achieved result</th><th>Grade</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>85%-100%</td><td>excellent (5)</td></tr> <tr> <td>74%-84<%</td><td>good (4)</td></tr> <tr> <td>63%-73<%</td><td>satisfactory (3)</td></tr> <tr> <td>51%-62<%</td><td>pass (2)</td></tr> <tr> <td>0%-50%</td><td>failed (1)</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		Achieved result	Grade	85%-100%	excellent (5)	74%-84<%	good (4)	63%-73<%	satisfactory (3)	51%-62<%	pass (2)	0%-50%	failed (1)
Achieved result	Grade												
85%-100%	excellent (5)												
74%-84<%	good (4)												
63%-73<%	satisfactory (3)												
51%-62<%	pass (2)												
0%-50%	failed (1)												
References													
Obligatory:	Lecture notes (download form https://elearning.uni-obuda.hu/)												
Recommended:	Elmasri, Navathe: Fundamentals of Database Systems												
Other references:	-												